<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Indicators for Gujarat from NFHS-3</th>
<th>Residence</th>
<th>Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Marriage and Fertility</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Women age 20-24 married by age 18 (%)</td>
<td>38.7</td>
<td>31.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Men age 25-29 married by age 21 (%)</td>
<td>34.1</td>
<td>31.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Total fertility rate (children per woman)</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Women age 15-19 who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of the survey (%)</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>18.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Median age at first birth for women age 25-49</td>
<td>20.6</td>
<td>21.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Married women with 2 living children wanting no more children (%)</td>
<td>87.2</td>
<td>82.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6a. Two sons</td>
<td>94.8</td>
<td>93.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6b. One son, one daughter</td>
<td>90.1</td>
<td>93.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6c. Two daughters</td>
<td>48.8</td>
<td>(47.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Family Planning (currently married women, age 15–49)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current use</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Any method (%)</td>
<td>66.6</td>
<td>56.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Any modern method (%)</td>
<td>67.6</td>
<td>57.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8a. Female sterilization (%)</td>
<td>42.9</td>
<td>40.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8b. Male sterilization (%)</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8c. IUD (%)</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>6.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8d. Pill (%)</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8e. Condom (%)</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unmet need for family planning</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Total unmet need (%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. For spacing (%)</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>8.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. For limiting (%)</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maternal and Child Health</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Childhood mortality for births in the last 3 years (%)</td>
<td>64.9</td>
<td>58.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12a. Mothers who consumed IFA for 90 days or more when they were pregnant with their last child (%)</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>48.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12b. Births assisted by a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel (%)</td>
<td>64.7</td>
<td>83.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Institutional births (%)</td>
<td>54.6</td>
<td>78.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery for their last birth (%)</td>
<td>54.0</td>
<td>72.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Child immunization and vitamin A supplementation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15a. Children 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of OPV/DPT) (%)</td>
<td>45.2</td>
<td>54.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15b. Children 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)</td>
<td>86.4</td>
<td>89.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15c. Children 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine (%)</td>
<td>65.3</td>
<td>71.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15d. Children 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of DPT vaccine (%)</td>
<td>61.4</td>
<td>67.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15e. Children 12-23 months who have received measles vaccine (%)</td>
<td>65.7</td>
<td>73.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Children age 12-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in last 6 months (%)</td>
<td>20.5</td>
<td>16.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Treatment of childhood diseases (children under 3 years)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received ORS (%)</td>
<td>28.3</td>
<td>31.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)</td>
<td>59.8</td>
<td>68.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in the last 2 weeks taken to a health facility (%)</td>
<td>72.0</td>
<td>83.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth (%)</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>30.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed (%)</td>
<td>47.7</td>
<td>60.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Children age 6-9 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk (%)</td>
<td>57.1</td>
<td>71.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. Children under 3 years who are stunted (%)</td>
<td>49.2</td>
<td>42.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24. Children under 3 years who are wasted (%)</td>
<td>19.7</td>
<td>16.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Children under 3 years who are underweight (%)</td>
<td>41.1</td>
<td>35.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nutritional Status of Ever-Married Adults (age 15-49)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. Women whose Body Mass Index is below normal (%)</td>
<td>32.3</td>
<td>19.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Men whose Body Mass Index is below normal (%)</td>
<td>28.1</td>
<td>18.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Women who are overweight or obese (%)</td>
<td>20.3</td>
<td>32.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. Men who are overweight or obese (%)</td>
<td>15.5</td>
<td>24.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anaemia among Children and Adults</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30. Children age 6-35 months who are anaemic (%)</td>
<td>79.8</td>
<td>73.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. Ever-married women age 15-49 who are anaemic (%)</td>
<td>55.5</td>
<td>50.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Pregnant women age 15-49 who are anaemic (%)</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>59.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Men who have heard of AIDS (%)</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>16.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Knowledge of HIV/AIDS among Ever-Married Adults (age 15-49)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Women who have heard of AIDS (%)</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>68.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Men who have heard of AIDS (%)</td>
<td>80.2</td>
<td>90.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Women who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting HIV/AIDS (%)</td>
<td>36.1</td>
<td>50.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37. Men who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting HIV/AIDS (%)</td>
<td>72.1</td>
<td>84.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Women’s Empowerment</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38. Currently married women who usually participate in household decisions (%)</td>
<td>36.6</td>
<td>43.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39. Ever-married women who have ever experienced spousal violence (%)</td>
<td>27.6</td>
<td>24.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>